Southend Health & Wellbeing Board

Report of Christine Doorly, LSCB & SAB Independent Chair

to
Health & Wellbeing Board
on
Date Tuesday 9th February 2016

Agenda Item No.

Report prepared by: Helen Wilson, LSCB & SAB Business Manager

For information	For discussion	Х	Approval required	
only				

Title of Report: LSCB & SAB Annual Reports on the Effectiveness of Safeguarding in Southend 2014-15

Part 1 (Public Agenda Item) / Part 2

1. Purpose of Report

To provide an annual assessment for the Health and Wellbeing Board in respect of safeguarding children and adults in Southend. This report contributes to the requirements of statutory guidance in Working Together to Safeguard Children 2015 and the Care Act 2014.

2. Recommendations

2.1. That the report is noted and the Board identifies any relevant emerging safeguarding children and adults priorities for inclusion in its strategic planning for 2016-17

3. Background & Context

- 3.1 For the period 2014 -15 the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) and Safeguarding Adults Board (SAB), have coordinated their annual reporting cycles in order to provide an overview of the activity and effectiveness of safeguarding children and adults service in Southend.
- 3.2 Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined as:
 - protecting children from maltreatment;
 - preventing impairment of children's health or development:

Report Title Page 1 of 6 Report Number

- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care; and
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes. (Working Together 2015)
- 3.3 The Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) is a statutory partnership responsible for co-ordinating and monitoring the effectiveness of safeguarding children arrangements in all agencies. The LSCB works alongside the Success for All Children Group, which is responsible for leading and coordinating improvements in services for all outcomes for children, including their safety. Both the LSCB and the Success For All Children Group work with the Health and Wellbeing Board which provides strategic leadership across all services.
- 3.4 Effective safeguarding children systems are those where:
 - the child's needs are paramount, and the needs and wishes of each child, be they a baby or infant, or an older child, should be put first, so that every child receives the support they need before a problem escalates;
 - all professionals who come into contact with children and families are alert to their needs and any risks of harm that individual abusers, or potential abusers, may pose to children;
 - all professionals share appropriate information in a timely way and can discuss any concerns about an individual child with colleagues and local authority children's social care;
 - high quality professionals are able to use their expert judgement to put the child's needs at the heart of the safeguarding system so that the right solution can be found for each individual child;
 - all professionals contribute to whatever actions are needed to safeguard and promote a child's welfare and take part in regularly reviewing the outcomes for the child against specific plans and outcomes;
 - LSCBs coordinate the work to safeguard children locally and monitor and challenge the effectiveness of local arrangements;
 - when things go wrong Serious Case Reviews (SCRs) are published and transparent about any mistakes which were made so that lessons can be learnt;
 and
 - local areas innovate and changes are informed by evidence and examination of the data.
- 3.5 The Safeguarding Adults Board (SAB) became a statutory partnership from April 2015, responsible for co-ordinating and monitoring the effectiveness of safeguarding adults arrangements in all agencies. The SAB works in Partnership with the LSCB and Health and Wellbeing Board to provide strategic leadership across all services. Safeguarding Adults Boards should:
 - identify the role, responsibility, authority and accountability with regard to the action each agency and professional group should take to ensure the protection of adults;
 - establish ways of analysing and interrogating data on safeguarding notifications that increase the SAB's understanding of prevalence of abuse and neglect locally that builds up a picture over time;

Report Title Page 2 of 6 Report Number

- establish how it will hold partners to account and gain assurance of the effectiveness of its arrangements;
- determine its arrangements for peer review and self-audit;
- establish mechanisms for developing policies and strategies for protecting adults which should be formulated, not only in collaboration and consultation with all relevant agencies but also take account of the views of adults who have needs for care and support, their families, advocates and carer representatives;
- develop preventative strategies that aim to reduce instances of abuse and neglect in its area;
- identify types of circumstances giving grounds for concern and when they should be considered as a referral to the local authority as an enquiry;
- formulate guidance about the arrangements for managing adult safeguarding, and dealing with complaints, grievances and professional and administrative malpractice in relation to safeguarding adults;
- develop strategies to deal with the impact of issues of race, ethnicity, religion, gender and gender orientation, sexual orientation, age, disadvantage and disability on abuse and neglect;
- identify mechanisms for monitoring and reviewing the implementation and impact of policy and training;
- carry out safeguarding adult reviews;
- produce a Strategic/Business Plan and an Annual Report;
- evidence how SAB members have challenged one another and held other boards to account;
- promote multi-agency training and consider any specialist training that may be required.
- consider any scope to jointly commission some training with other partnerships, such as the Community Safety Partnership.
- 3.6 This report provides an annual assessment by the LSCB and SAB regarding the effectiveness of safeguarding services in Southend. The report contains two elements:
 - The annual report from the independent chair of the LSCB covering the effectiveness of safeguarding of children, and identifying key priorities locally to improve that effectiveness. (Appendix 1).
 - The annual report from the independent chair of the SAB covering the effectiveness of safeguarding adults and identifying key priorities locally to improve that effectiveness. (Appendix 2).
- 3.7 Working Together 2015 states that the LSCB Chair must publish an annual report on the effectiveness of child safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children in the local area. The annual report should be published in relation to the preceding financial year and should fit with local agencies' planning, commissioning and budget cycles. The report should be submitted to the Chief Executive, Leader of the Council, the local police and crime commissioner and the Chair of the Health and Wellbeing Board.

The report should provide a rigorous and transparent assessment of the performance and effectiveness of local services. It should identify areas of

Report Title Page 3 of 6 Report Number

weakness, the causes of those weaknesses and the action being taken to address them as well as other proposals for action.

The Care Act Guidance 2014 states that the SAB must publish an annual report that must clearly identify what both the SAB and its members have done to carry out and deliver the objectives and other content of its strategic/business plan.

4. Health & Wellbeing Board Priorities / Added Value

How does this item contribute to delivering the;

- Nine HWB Strategy Ambitions (listed on final page)
- Three HWB "Broad Impact Goals" which add value;
 - a) Increased physical activity (prevention)
 - b) Increased aspiration & opportunity (addressing inequality)
 - c) Increased personal responsibility/participation (sustainability)

4.1 This report supports the following HWB ambitions:

Ambition 1. A positive start in life

Reduce need for children to be in care Promote children's mental wellbeing Support families with significant social challenges

Ambition 2. Promoting healthy lifestyles

Prevention and support for substance & alcohol misuse

Ambition 3. Improving mental wellbeing

A holistic approach to mental and physical wellbeing Provide the right support and care at an early stage Work to prevent suicide and self-harm Support parents postnatal

Ambition 4. A safer population

Safeguard children and vulnerable adults against neglect and abuse Support the Domestic Abuse Strategy Group in their work Work to prevent unintentional injuries among under 15s

Ambition 5. Living independently

People feel informed and empowered in their own care People feel supported to live independently for longer

Ambition 6. Active and healthy ageing

Join up health & social care services
Physical & mental wellbeing
Support those with long term conditions
Empower people to be more in control of their care

Ambition 8. Housing

Work together to;

o Tackle homelessness

Deliver health, care & housing in a more joined up way
 Adequate specialist housing

Ambition 9. Maximising opportunity

Have a joined up view of Southend's health and care needs Work together to commission services more effectively Tackle health inequality (including improved access to services)

5. Reasons for Recommendations

5.1. Supports the HWB to review its strategic priorities regarding the safeguarding of children and adults

6. Financial / Resource Implications

6.1 None identified

7. Legal Implications

7.1. Complies with requirements of the Care Act 2014 and Working together to safeguard children 2015

8. Equality & Diversity

8.1. Addresses the safeguarding of the most vulnerable people in Southend

9. Background Papers

9.1. None

10. Appendices

- 10.1. Appendix 1 LSCB annual report on the effectiveness of safeguarding children in Southend 2014-15
- 10.2. Appendix 2 SAB annual report on the effectiveness of safeguarding adults in Southend 2014-15

HWB Strategy Priorities

Broad Impact Goals – adding value

- a) Increased Physical Activity (prevention)
- b) Increased Aspiration and Opportunity (addressing inequality)
- c) Increased Personal Responsibility and Participation (sustainability)

Ambition 1. A positive Ambition 2. Promoting Ambition 3. Improving start in life healthy lifestyles mental wellbeing Reduce need for children to a) Reduce the use of tobacco a) A holistic approach to be in care mental and physical Encourage use of green b) Narrow the education spaces and seafront wellbeing achievement gap c) Promote healthy weight b) Provide the right support

Report Title Page 5 of 6 Report Number

Improve education Prevention and support and care at an early stage provision for 16-19s for substance & alcohol Reduce stigma of mental d) Better support more young misuse illness Work to prevent suicide and d) Promote children's mental self-harm wellbeing e) Support parents postnatal Reduce under-18 f) conception rates Support families with significant social challenges Ambition 6. Active and **Ambition 4. A safer Ambition 5. Living** population independently healthy ageing a) Safeguard children and a) Promote personalised a) Join up health & social care vulnerable adults against budgets services Reduce isolation of older neglect and abuse b) **Enable supported** Support the Domestic community living people Abuse Strategy Group in People feel informed and Physical & mental wellbeing c) their work empowered in their own Support those with long c) Work to prevent care term conditions unintentional injuries d) Reablement where Empower people to be among under 15s possible more in control of their care e) People feel supported to live independently for longer **Ambition 7. Protecting Ambition 9. Maximising Ambition 8. Housing** b) Work together to; health opportunity o Tackle homelessness a) Have a joined up view of a) Increase access to health Deliver health, care & screening Southend's health and care housing in a more joined up b) Increase offer of needs immunisations Work together to c) Adequate affordable housing c) Infection control to commission services more d) Adequate specialist housing remain a priority for all effectively e) Understand condition and care providers c) Tackle health inequality

distribution of private sector

housing stock, to better focus

resources

(including improved access

Promote opportunities to

thrive; Education, Employment

to services)

d) Severe weather plans in

Improve food hygiene in

place

the Borough

Report Title Page 6 of 6 Report Number